

Reno Evening Gazette.

VOL. VII.

RENO. WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1879.

NO. 98.

THE ANT'S TOILET.

An Insect Worth Studying—An Example of Cleanliness as Well as of Industry.

[From the Chicago Daily News.]

The agricultural ant of America, writes the Rev. H. C. McCook in the "Proceedings of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia," is one of the neatest and tidiest of creatures in her personal habits. Out of the numbers he had imprisoned for observation he never saw one long in an untidy state. When, after some very active work in digging, little particles of earth would adhere to their bodies, these were at once most carefully removed. The whole body, too, is most thoroughly and frequently cleansed, a duty which is habitually attended to after eating and after sleep. In this duty these ants now and then assist one another, and when a general "washing up" is in progress it is

AN EXCELENTLY INTERESTING SIGHT.

The ant to whom the friendly office is being administered (the cleansed, she may be called) is leaning over upon one side as we begin the observation. The cleanser, as the other party may be called, is in the act of lifting the fore leg, which is the first which is licked, the cleanser's mouth passing steadily from it up to the body, then over the neck, then the head, the little jaws (mandibles) being at this stage held apart for the more convenient manipulation; from the face the operation passes to the body, along one side, each leg being attended to in succession; then to the other side and the other set of legs. All this while the creature being cleansed is evincing the most intense satisfaction, and in this resembles a family dog when one is scratching the back of his neck; she rolls gently over on her side, sometimes quite over on her back, and presents altogether a

PICTURE OF EASE.

The pleasure which these creatures take in being thus "combed" and "sponged" is really enjoyable to the observer. Several times an ant wanting to be cleaned was seen to approach a comrade, kneel down before it, and, thrusting forward its head, then drop down and lie there motionless, expressing as plainly as sign language could, her desire to be attended to.

The ants, when engaged in cleansing their own bodies, have various modes of operating. The fore legs are drawn between the mandibles and also apparently through the lips, and then are passed alternately to the back of the head and over and down the forehead and face by a motion which closely resembles that of a cat when cleansing with her paw the corresponding part of her head.

The Indian's Harvest.

From the Tribune Republican.

In Sierra valley and Martis valley, the Indian huts can be seen, and in and around them are congregated the warriors and squaws of the tribe, their sisters, cousins and their aunts, all intent upon the accomplishment of the grand result. As usual, the squaws do the work while their noble lords loll upon the greenward, smoke their pipes and dreamily and lazily gaze upon the countless myriads of buzzing hoppers that fill the air and devour the vegetation. The squaws carrying coneshaped baskets of great capacity, scoop the grosshoppers with a fan-shaped implement into their baskets, and when loaded carry the wiggling mass of insects to camp, and then prepare them for food. The grasshoppers killed, and subsequently dried are mixed with mashed pine nuts or cracked wheat and made into a kind of flour, which is afterwards made into a bread most delicious to the palate of the Washoe. White visitors at the camp are always invited in accordance with Indian hospitality to partake of the compound, and great is the astonishment of poor Lo at the disgust expressed by the white man for this kind of food. To the limited mind of the Indian it is incomprehensible that any one should reject food which in his estimation is defined as being "munched good—wano to hell."

Flavoring Meat on the Hoof.

From the Pacific Rural Press.

M. Monclar, a noted agriculturist in France, advocates the flavoring of meat on foot, by appropriate feeding. He says that by flavoring the feed of cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry, their flesh may be rendered much more agreeable to the palate than it often is. He is substantially right, for reasoning by contraries, we know that rabbits, quail, deer, etc., which feed and brows upon the artemisia and bitter seeds have a disagreeable flavor when eaten. Any flavor may be given the meat—mint, anise, thyme, etc., and several tastes may be given the meat, or a compound flavor may be added by a variety of flavors of any selection. For invalids particularly, or for epicurean palates, the common meaty flavor can be modified in flavor to suit the palate, and the aversion to healthy, nutritious meat be overcome by a delicious conglomeration of sweet flavors. We hope to see the experiment tried in our State.

A Card.

Those who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you. **FREE OF CHARGE.** This great remedy was discovered by a mesicario in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. LEHAN, Station D, New York City.

dearly

WHY EVE HAD NO SERVANT.

The Exemplary Behaviour of Adam in Paradise.

A lady writer in one of our exchanges furnishes some of the reasons why Eve did not keep a hired girl. She says:

There has been great deal said about the faults of women, and why they need so much waiting on. Some one (a man, of course) has the presumption to ask, "Why, when Eve was manufactured of a spare rib, a servant was not made at the same time to wait upon her?" She didn't need any. A bright writer has said, Adam never came whining to Eve with a ragged stocking to be darned, buttons to be sewed on, gloves to be mended, "right away—quick—now!" Because he never read the newspapers till the sun went down behind the palm trees, and he, stretching himself, yawned out, "Isn't supper ready, my dear?" Note he. He made the fire, and hung the kettle over it himself, we'll venture, and pulled the radishes, peeled the potatoes, and did everything else he ought to do.

HE MILKED THE COWS, fed the chickens, and looked after the pigs himself, and never brought half a dozen friends to dinner when Eve hadn't any fresh pomegranates. He never stayed out till 11 o'clock at night, and then scolded because poor Eve was sitting up and crying inside the gates. He never loafed around the corner groceries while Eve was rocking little Cain's cradle at home. He did not call Eve up from the cellar to get his slippers, and put them in the corner, where he left them. Not he. When he took them off, he put them under the fig tree beside his Sunday boots. In short, he did not think she was especially created for the purpose of waiting on him, and he wasn't under the impression that it disgraced a man to lighten a wife's cares a little. That's the reason Eve did not need a hired girl, and with it was the reason her descendants did.

The Ludicrous side of it. From the Boston Advertiser.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The National Board of Health was taken quite unawares by reports from Memphis. It had no information on the subject until the arrival of the press reports. This has a ludicrous side, since the board, as one of the first things after its organization, formally resolved that it would give no information of its operations to the press, or to any one who would be likely to give the information to the press; so when they heard all about Memphis in the newspapers first, and then rushed their messengers off to the newspaper offices to see if they could hear anything further about their specialty, there was a general laugh at the expense of these very exclusive gentlemen.

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Concentrated Lemonade.

Pure concentrated lemon juice. One teaspoonful to a glass of cold water forms a delicious, refreshing, healthy lemonade. The best of summer drinks. For sale only by Pinniger & Queen, west side Virginia street, Reno.

Blankets.

For gold and silver plating, also close plating, send it to the Pacific Electrical Works, Sacramento, Cal. All kinds of instruments repaired.

Blankets.

The very best assortment ever brought to Reno, at prices that defy competition in the United States, can be found at the Great Eastern I X L, Virginia street, next door to Farmers' Store, Reno, Nev.

Drugs and Patent Medicines.

Of every description sold cheap by John F. Myers, two doors below the post office.

Common Lumber.

Pacific Electrical Works, Sacramento, Cal., the cheapest place on the Pacific coast for Telegraph and electrical supplies P. O. box 334.

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THURSDAY JULY 24, 1869.

HISTORY OF THE DONNER PARTY.

A copy of the "History of the Donner Party," by C. F. McGlashan, of the Truckee Republican, has been received at this office. The narrative of the terrible hardships and sufferings of the ill fated company is graphically told in this volume. Many volumes have been written concerning the perils and privations undergone by explorers in the Arctic regions. But there never yet was penned a story of more thrilling interest, than that of this handful of people, snow-bound in the wilds of the Sierra during the whole of a bitter winter. The tale reveals some of the darkest phases of human nature. Some have objected to the author's strict fidelity to truth displayed in the work, but a history should not suppress any material facts, if it aims at historical excellence.

RE-REVIVED.

A new paper is to be started in San Francisco, to be an eight-page daily, the size and style of the Chicago Tribune. It will be called either the Morning Herald or the Republican Herald, and will be a stalwart. It aspires to unite the somewhat scattered Republican hosts in a more compact army. Its direct attack will be upon the Chronicle. It will go after its advertisements as well as subscriptions in a particularly aggressive manner. An agent has gone east to arrange for the telegraphic news.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The San Francisco Post is now using its Comstock maps for wrappers. They are excellent maps—for the purpose.

The Pioche Record has not been received at this office for many weeks.

PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

The stumpage on some timber land near Astoria averages \$100 per acre.

A new town called Crystal has been started on Salmon river, 22 miles south of Challis.

From all parts of Eastern Oregon comes the report that grass was never better or stock fatter.

Indian raids along the Yellowstone are getting frequent. Horse stealing seems to be their object.

Eagle Lake, Modoc county, Cal., has been stocked with white fish by the Fish Commissioners.

A 22 mile road is to be built from Alleghany City to Nevada City, Cal. The distance is now 34 miles.

Rafael Carasco recently brought a 1200 pound grizzly bear into Los Angeles, which he had killed near there.

The South Pacific Coast Railroad will run through from San Francisco to Santa Cruz about October 1st.

A fire in Ogden, Monday night, destroyed \$4000 in grain and farm machinery. A tramp is supposed to have set it.

Potatoes are so cheap in Tulare county that it does not pay to dig them, except in places where they are so large that a dozen would fill a sack.

There are 20,000 acres of land sown to alfalfa in Fresno county, this year, and so popular has it become that twice that area will be sown next year.

The Modoc Independent says: Judge Bowmer has a hardy variety of water-melon on his place. Although planted June 1st, it has grown thrifly without irrigation.

O. E. Harrison, a honey producer, of Grass Valley, states that a quarter of an acre in mignonette will feed 50 swarms of bees, which will make 10,000 pounds of honey per season.

Frank Smith, an old stage driver at Merced, walked out of the second story door of a livery stable on the 20th, and broke one of his legs. While on the ground he was robbed of \$20.

A lady residing in Washington, Yolo county, Cal., threw a lot of brandy peaches to her chickens last week, and in ten minutes she was astonished to see the whole of them dead drunk.

An irrigation canal is being excavated in Mono county, Cal. It is four miles long, and will carry fifty-six square feet of water. The water is taken from Rush creek, one mile below Gull lake.

The farmers on the lower part of the Yuba river, says the Grass Valley Union, are making preparations to construct another "slieken" suit, which will be against the hydraulic companies of Marysville, and of the upper portions of Nevada county, which run mining tailings into that stream.

The quick, mushroom-like growth of Leadville, was one of the most wonderful instances of the kind, in the history of the United States. But very few of its three thousand houses are a year old. Its population is about 15,000. It has a paid police department, a fire company, a municipal form of government, three daily papers, three banks, two theaters, and hundreds of saloons.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Empire is full of wood drivers and whiskey.

This is the healthiest summer Eureka has ever had.

Winnemucca is obliged to economize water this dry season.

Three hundred skilled laborers are out of employment in Eureka.

Tuesday was the hottest day of the season in Eureka. Thermometer 95 in the shade.

A secret society has been organized in Eureka, whose object is to make the Chinese go.

W. Millan, of Gold Hill, was thrown from his horse near Sutro last Tuesday and badly bruised.

A recent strike in the Lucky Dog mine, it is thought, will create a minor revival in Unionville.

B. F. Baber's little boy Frank entered a cattle corral at Camp McDermitt and was trampled to death by an angry steer.

George Bobier has departed from Elko, leaving his family behind him. The affair looks dark to the Elko Independent.

The match will be Miss Von Berg and Madam Tourtellott will come off at Piper's Opera House, Virginia City, about the first of next month.

The president and secretary of the Eureka Coal Burner's Association have resigned. They disclaim all sympathy with the extreme course of the strikers.

The air hangs heavy with the rumors of a scandal in high life, the developments of which will shake our social fabric to the very center, says the Elko Independent.

The Scorpion Company have commenced work on a large shaft on the north side of Seven-mile Canyon, at a point where the croppings swing far out to the east.

Austin boy dove into pond to take a swim. Heels remained sticking out of water. Was pulled out, and head found to have been imbedded in mud a foot deep. Austin boy looks before he leaps now.

Threats of lynching Pritchard, the murderer of Symons, having been heard by Sheriff Williamson of Virginia, he took Pritchard to Carson Tuesday night and lodged him in the state prison.

The ears of Carson ladies who walk in the streets at evening are saluted with "vile and ungrammatical comments upon their appearance." The Appeal recommends the application of the reformatory tar.

A Carson dead beat tried to frighten his mistress by emptying a small vial of poison down his throat. Women laughed, and he vanished, gnashing his teeth in the shades of night. Vial picked up, containing traces of bad brandy. Very slow poison.

The Virginia Chronicle states that Madam Tourtellott is in Virginia, and that she has challenged Edwards and Von Berg to a walking match for \$500 each. Von Berg has accepted the challenge, and is now on the Comstock, but Edwards has not yet been heard from.

Hon. Wm. E. Chandler, of New Hampshire, Secretary of the National Republican Committee, says the Eureka Sentinel, who figured in the counting of the vote of Florida for Hayes, arrived in town last night and proposes to visit White Pine for the purpose of examining some mines in which he is interested. He is an ardent Blaine man, and predicts that Maine's "favorite son" will be the next occupant of the White House.

The petty larceny business, says the Beebe, appears to be rapidly on the increase throughout the State, as is to be inferred from the many complaints of the local newspapers. The drought and the off-political year may have something to do with it. Some men become desperate when there is no free whiskey to be had, and thrown on their own resources.

The Battle Mountain Messenger thus comments on the sun: "The ever glowing golden sun sets free to all that look westward at the close of each day, here are incomparably superior to any Italian comparisons. Don't miss enjoying their evening blessing."

Every adult man has 1400 square feet of lungs; rather, the mucous membrane lining the air cells of his lungs, if spread upon a smooth, plain surface, would cover an extent of 1400 square feet.

A tramp never ties an colskin around his leg to prevent cramps while bathing. He knows a preventive worth two of that. He never bathes.

Wm. Goegel, the watchmaker, guarantees superior workmanship at the most reasonable charges, and warrants all work for one year.

Different kinds of sewing machine from \$2.00, as good as new, at Singer Sewing Machine Office, Virginia street. J. Bilmann, Agent. July 12.

If you want good work done, jewelry made, orders filled in the best style go to J. F. FREEDRICK'S.

Prescriptions compounded with care, day or night, at John F. Myers' Drug Store, two doors below the post office. July 16.

The bath house of Coleman & Pechner is the best in the State. Try them and be convinced.

The quick, mushroom-like growth of Leadville, was one of the most wonderful instances of the kind, in the history of the United States. But very few of its three thousand houses are a year old. Its population is about 15,000. It has a paid police department, a fire company, a municipal form of government, three daily papers, three banks, two theaters, and hundreds of saloons.

DOWN WITH THE HIGH PRICE.

Sol. Levy sells Ladies' and Children's Shoes for less than any other store in the State. July 19.

NEEDHAM'S

On Virginia street, near the bridge, for a Kitchen Cupboard, Wire Front, Fly

Proof, A Lounge, or Spring Bed, As he is able to sell goods lower than ever

Talk is Cheap.

And so are fine clothing, boots, shoes and gentleman's and boys' fine furnishings goods, if you go to the right place to get them. This is a mighty important point, for some people who assert that they sell cheap do nothing of the kind. We do not boast when we say that we defy competition in prices in anything in our line. Besides this we have only one price. We have no preferred customers. Everybody is treated alike at our establishment. Our stock is the largest and most complete ever offered in any part of this state. Everything we have is new. No old, musty, and out-of-date goods can be found on our shelves. We receive daily by rail and express the latest and best goods, which are obtained at first hand and sold at prices below those now prevailing in New York and Chicago. Let the people come and judge of our prices, and examine our stock before going into those humbugging, cheap John Shops. In which they drum into the ear of the customer that they sell at cost and even below cost. Anybody with common sense must know that they lie. No store-keeper sells goods for the fun of the thing, we make a profit; everything we sell, as every honest merchant does, and don't print foolish falsehoods in the vain hope of deceiving the public. We particularly call attention to our full stock of fancy underwear, such as is kept nowhere else in Reno. This class of goods forms one of our specialties. Remember the place, the White House, No. 19 Commercial Row.

Orders from the country promptly attended to. ABRAHAMS BROS. & CO., White House, Reno.

The Reno Gas Light Company

Are prepared to furnish Gas-

pipe and fixtures and do plumbing in

the most thorough and workmanlike manner,

and at the lowest rates for cash. Will guarantee all work done by them. We live here,

and are always on hand, and will remedy any

leaks or imperfections in our work, without

charge. Please give us a call before engag-

ing your work.

The Excitement is Over.

Cheap machines gone to the wall.

The new Singer Machine—noiseless—is now

in town, to be sold on the installment plan.

Ladies, you will look to your own interests if

you look at the reliable Singer before pur-

chasing, as we have stood in the front for 30

years, and now have the lightest—running and

best noiseless machine in the market. Office

on Virginia street, in room lately occupied by

Western Union Telegraph.

July 3-11. J. BILMANN, Agent.

The Pictures at Half Price.

I SHALL CLOSE MY PHOTOGRAPHICAL

STUDIO IN EIGHT DAYS.

AND I WILL NOT OPEN AGAIN.

Reno Evening Gazette

FRIDAY.....JULY 24, 1879.

STOCK REPORT.

THIS MORNING'S SALES.

265 Ophir, 32
270 Mexican, 22 1/2 23
340 G & G, 5 1/2 8 1/2
190 B & T, 17
400 California, 4.80 4.24
240 Savage, 13 1/2 12
190 Con. Virginia, 4 1/2 4.70
200 Chollar, 6 1/2
180 H & N., 4 1/2 4.40
240 H & N., 13 1/2 4.40
190 Point, 4 1/2
375 Jackpot, 14 1/2 14 1/2
1510 Union, 1.40 1.25
250 Bunker, 22 21 1/2
260 Belcher, 4.15 4.20
40 Confidence, 11
500 Sierra Nevada, 31 35 35 1/2 34
310 L. Hill, 13 1/2 14
540 Bullion, 5 1/2 5 1/2
825 E. Chequer, 5 1/2 5 1/2
155 Overman, 5 1/2 5 1/2
300 L. Hill, 13 1/2 14
250 Union, 29 29
815 Alta, 6 1/2 6 1/2
500 L. Bryan, 90
210 Villa, 3.30 3.15 3.05
220 L. Hill, 2.10
170 S. Hill, 1 1/2 1.20
330 Challenge, 2.20 2.15 2.10
320 New York, 45
250 Standard, 90
315 L. Washington, 1 1/2 1.20 1.15
300 Andes, 80
710 Ward, 1.15
240 Standard, 14
200 Leviathan, 14
75 N. Con. Va., 9 1/2 9
1225 Trojan, 10
615 Bunker, 14
300 Silver, 15
400 Con. Dorado, 14
700 Flevory, 65 60
100 N. Bonanza, 1.45
110 Mackay, 1.15 1.10
100 L. Hill, 24 24 30
300 S. Potosi, 85
65 S. Utah, 10 5b90

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON'S SALES.

60 R & E, 3
115 Eureka Con, 15
925 Leopard, 1 1/2 1.20
833 Gina, 1 1/2 1.20 1.15
5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2
170 Manhattan, 2.30
100 Defrees, 20
100 Frize, 3.85 3.90
750 Argent, 1 1/2 1.20 1.15 1.40
925 Navajo, 45 40
570 Independence, 1.80 1.85
600 S. Prize, 25
340 Steel, 5 1/2 45
520 L. Hill, 3 1/2 3.40
153 Day, 20
100 High Bridge, 20
400 Paragon, 1.70 1.60
900 Standard, 10
120 Mt. Diablo, 45
100 Wales, 5 1/2
3170 N. Bell Isle, 65 60 55
1000 L. Hill, 1.20 1.15
1185 Summit, 1 1/2 1.60 1 1/2 1.40
325 Syndicate, 5 1/2
1200 Goodshaw, 40
1500 Standard, 10
1250 Silver, 1.90 1.85
1000 Champion, 50 55
1215 Black Hawk, 1
750 S. Bodie, 20
1000 Silver, 75 80
200 S. Standard, 15 20
500 Richer, 50
1000 Queen Bee, 50 55
585 Mono, 6 1/2 6 1/2
840 L. Hill, 1.20 1.15 7 1/2
1000 McClinton, 1
100 Ruster, 60
750 Dudley, 1.40 1.45
400 June, 100
250 L. Hill, 70
220 Standard, 45
120 D. Standard, 75
600 Varick, 55 60 65
1000 Standard, 1.33 1.40 1.45
1765 Tioga, 3 1/2 3 1/2 3.30 3.20 2.40
950 Orient, 45
460 Mammoth, 11 1/2 11 1/2
800 L. Hill, 75
385 M. White, 6 6b30
200 Caledonia (B.H.), 2.60 2.5
80 Jackson, 4
1650 University, 45 40

JOTTINGS.

—Mercury at 88 at noon to-day and climbing upward.

—Mr. Cahn has a nice little house to rent. See 50-cent column.

—U. S. Auditor French and party went east in a special car last night.

—A fine nice room in a brick house to rent. Read Parmenter & Co.'s ad.

—There is an assessment of 7 1/2 per cent. on the stock of the Reno Water Company.

—S. Conner wants to sell half of his nursery. It is a fine property. Read his advertisement.

—The new vault in the court house is rapidly nearing completion. It will be finished next Saturday.

—Mr. Merritt killed a rattlesnake at Long valley last week, the first seen there this year.

—Mr. Wilcox, who was poisoned by the bite of an insect a few weeks ago, is recovering.

—Capt. Short has so far recovered from the hurts incident to his sleep-walking escapade, that he is able to leave his bed.

—The west-bound overland train was two hours and a half behind time last night. The cause of the delay could not be learned.

—A Chinaman named Quong Tong Wong was examined before Judge King to-day and adjudged insane. He will be sent below to-night.

—The Opera House restaurant under the management of Mr. Seens is a busy place. He buys the best in the market and has the best cooks. Read his ad.

—Reno seems to be a good bee town. A swarm lit on Sunderland's building a few days ago and yesterday two more came. This morning Getchell and Campbell were engaged in hiving them.

—Conductor M. V. Follett was struck on the head by the snow shed at American Flat yesterday and received some severe cuts. He was standing on top of the cars with his face turned away when the train approached the shed. His injuries are not dangerous.

—A Tar Flat Idiot.

—Oh, Robin tell Kitty I'm coming.

He softly sang as he wended his way with blithsome step to a cottage in the Western Addition. Just as he reached the front gate he heard the idol of his thoughts say: "I hope that red-headed fool with the green neck-tie won't come hanging around here to-night." The amorous hum died on the young man's lips, and he went to a 5-cent beer saloon and drank sixty cents worth of Bopa to appease his wrath. He returned home about 4 o'clock a. m., looking like a Gomstock journalist and singing, "I've got no wife to bother my life, and told his room-mate that he believed that after a man passed a certain age his affection for woman began to die.

SHARP SWINDLERS.

Combination Stock Operations in Gotham Gathering in Unsuspecting Nevadans.

Twice in the history of the present management of the GAZETTE, proposals have been refused, which came accompanied with checks to pay for inserting advertisements of combination stock operations. The notices were to run in reading matter, and in ordinary type, and were to be changed every three or four days. The inviolable rule of the GAZETTE, not to run advertisements in the type used for reading matter, is a great protection to the public, and is never deviated from. The style of the cards mentioned, reveal fraud so clearly, that it is surprising that it could impose on any one, and yet it seems that such is the case. A certain Renoite sent \$20 to a

NEW YORK COMBINATION

agency, and became a stockholder for one month to the extent of twenty shares. The certificate returned, was dated New York, June 16th, 1879, and contains such provisions as these: "Statements of transactions will be mailed all shareholders weekly, and at the expiration of one month from date this combination will be closed, and profits divided pro rata among shareholders. No part of profits or original capital to be withdrawn until close of combination. Profits and original investments to be used as working capital until close of combination. The holder of this certificate is not liable, in any event, for more than the original price paid for shares and profits." The weekly report has a notice that no part of principal or profits can be re-invested. It must all go in, or none. The report for the week ending June 23, sent to the Reno investor, is printed in letter form, and the figures are as follows: Turns made—Del. Lack. & W., gain 1/2 per cent.; Western Union, gain 1/2 per cent.; Del. & Hudson, loss 1/2 per cent.; N. J. Central, loss 1/2 per cent.; Northwestern, gain 1/2 per cent.; St. Paul, less 1/2 per cent. Net gain, 1/2 per cent.; net loss, 1 per cent. Balance gain, 1/2 per cent., which is equal to

A PROFIT FOR ONE WEEK

on twenty shares, of \$12.50. Now comes, June 30th, report No. 2. Turns made—Morris & Essex, gain 1/2 per cent.; N. J. Central, loss 1/2 per cent.; Northwestern, loss 1/2 per cent.; St. Paul, loss 1/2 per cent.; Western Union, gain 1/2 per cent.; Net gain, 1/2 per cent.; net loss, 2 per cent. Balance gain, 1/2 per cent., equivalent to a profit on twenty shares of \$17.50, or, for the two weeks, \$30, or 150 per cent. on the original investment. But fortune is fickle, and reverses come to the ablest managers. The stock sharp of the combination made 1/2 per cent. on Western Union the third week, but lost 1/2 on Wabash, taking 1/2 of one per cent. off the profits of the customers for whom he had so faithfully labored for the two previous weeks. From Reno's \$30 profits, \$5 were thus sliced off. In his struggle to get back the \$5 and something over, so as to have the pleasure of sending a handsome check to every customer, covering each one's original investment and about a thousand per cent. profits,

THIS INDEFATIGABLE PUBLIC SERVANT makes six investments, the largest week's work he does in the month. He loses 1/2 per cent. in Wabash, 1/2 in North Missouri, and 1/2 in Del. Lack. & W., making 3 1/2 per cent., and gains 1/2 in Del. & Hudson, 1/2 in Morris & Essex, and 1/2 in N. J. Central, a total of 1 per cent., leaving a balance of 2 1/2 per cent., which, for the twenty shares held here, represents a loss of \$47.50, leaving the Nevada speculator high and dry, and \$25 in debt. This disaster, as explained in a foot note, "is due to the unexpected turn in Wabash, and on which we had

MOST POSITIVE INFORMATION

from some of our large shareholders who had means of information, but it seems were wrong as well as ourselves." There is no way to tell how stockholders would have fared if that "point" on Wabash had been correct. If this camp had been a little nearer home, a disbursement for the first month would have been more likely to have been made, the dealers trusting to having the whole reinvested and more sent with it, but as no great amount of business could be gathered from such a distant point, the enterprising firm concluded to make hay while the sun shone, and raked in the whole pot.

Two More Surgeons

No crop will be raised on the reservation farm at Pyramid this year. This is a practical exemplification of the workings of communism. All the Indians have an interest in the crop—after it is raised. Raising it, however, is an other matter. Those who work on the farm find that their kindred, who have been junketing around the towns all Summer, come back in the Fall to help eat up the crop. This creates a distaste is Lo's untutored mind for the teachings of Dennis Kearney. He is willing to become a sharer in anybody else's possessions, but he has a rooted dislike to dividing his own with those who have none. As a consequence, he studiously avoids laying up anything, for fear that he may have to share it with some needy relative.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Hagerman came upon this morning's lightning train. Sheriff Walker went to Carson this morning to serve some papers.

W. F. Edwards writes to a friend that his wife is dangerously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Hunter returned from a short visit to San Francisco this morning. Mr. Hunter has purchased the new residence built by J. Isaacs, and the trip below was made to buy the necessary furniture to finish it.

Another Improvement.

Lake & Beck are making use of every appliance to make their mill first-class. They propose to turn out as fine flour as can be ground anywhere. The water for soaking the grain will be pumped from a spring in very pure water underneath the mill.

HISTORY OF THE FISHERIES.

The Men Who Have Been Engaged in the Business Ever Since Reno was Founded.

One of the fishermen awaiting sentence for pursuing his vocation on Pyramid Lake gave to a GAZETTE reporter yesterday a full history of that industry on the reservation. Briefly it is as follows: In April, 1877, Charles Bridgeman went in with three or four men whom he paid for the fish they caught, which he hauled to market. He located his men at Mullen's Pass, about twenty miles from the mouth of the river. He dropped the business in July of the same year, and it was almost immediately taken up by Reed and Watson, who sold it out to Armstrong and Sturgeon in October.

THE NUMBER OF MEN

had increased with the demand for fish until from 18 to 25 were steadily employed. Flynn & Co., next handled the business, and they in turn sold out to Alfred Jose, in May, 1878. Parties under Reed, Bickford and John Whitehead had in the meantime come in and were fishing alongside of the first settlers. Their business was sold last year to Alfred Jose, who has since run the whole machine, hauling the fish out and the supplies in to the men himself, paying his men by the pound for their catch. Most of these men have families in Reno and go to the lake part of the year.

THEY ARE A VERY DIFFERENT CLASS

of men from the average river fishermen, many of whom go very dirty and some of whom live with Indians, and whose avocation is at best precarious, as but few trout, comparatively, go up the river any distance, and then only for a small part of the year. At the lake the fish are taken systematically. The men built houses and boats and have considerable money invested. No "squaw man" ever lived at Mullen's Pass, or any where on Pyramid Lake and none of the Reno men indicated have ever defrauded the Indians or given them whiskey. The settlement is entirely

OUT OF REACH OF THE RESERVATION

Indians, and they never go there nor have any intercourse with the fishermen. They have a superstitious fear of the lake, as they believe a serpent inhabits it who destroys their race, and they never venture out except with white men. There have been very few men who ever attempted to bring malahals into the fishermen's camp. One of these was Tom Rogers, and he was run out of the settlement pretty much as he was out of Reno.

At the head of the lake, near the mouth of the river, Leathers, who was formerly post trader, opened a fishing station and sold his fish to Rafael, at Wadsworth, who buys of Indians and white men alike. But the two settlements were miles apart, and their products were as indicated, one part to Reno and the rest to Wadsworth.

The Remenyi Concert.

The attendance at the Remenyi concert last night was very light, but the audience, though small, was enthusiastic and appreciative. It is to be regretted that this most deserving of troupes was not greeted with a full house. It is sure that those who failed to attend missed a rare entertainment, for Remenyi is certainly a wonderful artist. Under his hands the violin seems to become a thing of life. Responsive to the magic of his touch, the instrument sobs and laughs in strains of bewitching melody. The beholder is fairly enraptured by his marvelous execution. Dulcken is a fine pianist, and his playing showed him to be a master of music; but the instrument in Kimball's is a very poor one, which marred the beauty of his execution. The singing of Miss Thurston was highly appreciated. The lady has a sweet and powerful voice, and her singing shows high musical culture.

NO Property. No Division.

No crop will be raised on the reservation farm at Pyramid this year. This is a practical exemplification of the workings of communism. All the Indians have an interest in the crop—after it is raised. Raising it, however, is an other matter. Those who work on the farm find that their kindred, who have been junketing around the towns all Summer, come back in the Fall to help eat up the crop. This creates a distaste in Lo's untutored mind for the teachings of Dennis Kearney. He is willing to become a sharer in anybody else's possessions, but he has a rooted dislike to dividing his own with those who have none. As a consequence, he studiously avoids laying up anything, for fear that he may have to share it with some needy relative.

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